

The Medical Center at Albany

2021 Community Health Needs Assessment



723 Burkesville Rd. | Albany, KY 42602 | (606) 387-8000 https://medcenterhealth.org This Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) was prepared for The Medical Center at Albany by the Community and Economic Development Initiative of Kentucky (CEDIK) at the University of Kentucky.

CEDIK works with stakeholders to build engaged communities and vibrant economies. If you have questions about the assessment process, contact Melody Nall, CEDIK Extension Specialist: melody.nall@uky.edu or (859) 218-5949.



University of Kentucky College of Agriculture, Food and Environment Community and Economic

Development Initiative of Kentucky cedik.ca.uky.edu



Dear Medical Center Albany Community,

The Medical Center at Albany is a not-for-profit hospital proudly serving Clinton County and surrounding counties. To strengthen our healthcare services at The Medical Center at Albany, our community shared with us their health care concerns and needs through the Community Needs Assessment. With information from this survey, we are looking to improve our community healthcare services and pro-actively provide care close to home to build a healthier community. The COVID-19 pandemic has been a healthcare priority for our community, as it has for many communities across Kentucky, for much of 2020 and now 2021. The pandemic has demanded our focus and resources be allocated to COVID-19 testing, treatment, increased acute care hospitalizations and vaccinations. The Medical Center Albany with the support of the Lake Cumberland District Health Department has been available and ready to meet the challenge. It is our hope to continue to fight the pandemic as well as get back to prioritizing the other healthcare concerns within our community as we move forward with our new plan cycle.

We are thankful for the collaborative relationships' we have with our longstanding supportive community partners and our Medical Staff. The recruitment of health care providers and the expansion of service are essential for improving the health status in our community.

Thank you for the confidence you place in The Medical Center at Albany. We are committed to meeting your family's healthcare needs.

Warm regards,

Laura E. Belcher, FACHE
Administrator
The Medical Center at Albany

Introduction

Med Center Health has six hospitals with campuses located in Albany, Bowling Green, Horse Cave, Franklin, and Scottsville. More than 30 clinics serve the area. This wide footprint, combined with our commitment to proactively invest in the resources our communities need, helps people heal closer to home. No matter where you live in Southcentral Kentucky, the highest quality care is within your reach.

Our commitment to the communities we serve goes beyond improving the health of our patients. As a not-for-profit institution, the monetary benefits we generate far outweigh the taxes we would pay if we were in business to make money. The intangible benefits are even more significant – all part of our mission to improve the health and wellness of the patients and communities we serve.

At The Medical Center at Albany, our history dates back to 1953 when Clinton County Hospital opened to serve the healthcare needs of Clinton and surrounding counties. We have been, and always will be, fully committed to meeting the healthcare needs of our community.

On February 5, 2016 Commonwealth Health Corporation (CHC) assumed management of Clinton County Hospital. In April 2016, Clinton County Hospital joined CHC and became The Medical Center at Albany. We continue to operate as a 42-bed, not-for-profit acute care hospital and provide needed access to healthcare for area residents.

Mission

The primary mission of The Medical Center at Albany is to care for people and improve quality of life in the communities we serve.

CHNA Background

The Medical Center at Albany contracted with the Community and Economic Development Initiative of Kentucky (CEDIK) in the fall of 2020 to conduct a Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) in accordance with the Affordable Care Act (ACA). The Affordable Care Act (ACA), enacted March 23, 2010, added new requirements that hospital organizations must satisfy in order to be described in section 501(c)(3), as well as new reporting and excise taxes.

The IRS requires hospital organizations to complete a CHNA and adopt an implementation strategy at least once every three years. This CHNA was the third prepared by CEDIK for this organization; prior reports were completed in 2013 and 2018.

Here is an overview of the CHNA process that CEDIK uses based on the IRS guidelines:

Community Health Needs Assessment (4-8 months) **Data Compilation** Meet with the hospital administration steering Needs and Prioritization committee to provide an Meet with community steering overview of the CHNA process committee virtually Work with hospital to create Identify needs from surveys, Disseminate surveys community steering committee key informant interviews, and Compile community economic health and hospital data and health profile Work with hospital steering Conduct key informant committee to prioritize needs interviews virtually Facilitate discussion about Collect hospital utilization data implementation strategies Debrief with community steering Create final CHNA report committee virtually Bring to Board of Directors for approval

The Medical Center at Albany

2018 community health needs... addressed!

Goal: Increase community awareness and knowledge regarding the risks of obesity and resources available at The Medical Center at Albany.

Healthy Monday tips sent to all Med Center Health employees and 90 worksites. The Medical Center plans and promotes the Med Center Health 10K Classic. The Medical Center also provides other exercise opportunities through CHC Wellness, community events and classes. The Medical Center at Albany sponsors the Foot Hills Festival 5K Glow Run in June. Weight loss information was provided at The Foot Hills Festival in October. Weight loss seminars are held for the community annually, or more frequent based on requests.

Goal: Increase community awareness and knowledge of the health complications associated with uncontrolled high blood pressure. Increase knowledge and usage of 911 at onset of heart attack or stroke symptoms.

The Medical Center at Albany offers free stroke screenings at community events, worksites and health fairs. Early Heart Attack Care (EHAC) – Educates individuals on the early signs and symptoms of a heart attack. Provided EHAC and blood pressure screenings at Clinton County Health Fair in 2018 and 2019. Provided EHAC education at Senture Health Fair in February. Hands only CPR was demonstrated at the Community Baby Shower in April 2019. Distributed EHAC information to attendees at Hoops for Health in February at Clinton County High School in 2019.

Goal: Increase community awareness & knowledge of causes and ways to prevent cancer and the importance of preventative screenings.

Information about cancer prevention is provided annually at the Foot Hills Festival. Distributed educational materials and promotional items promoting awareness and preventative screenings for Breast and Colon Cancer at Keystone Food health fair in May.



Goal: Increase community awareness and knowledge of opioid epidemic.

Truth and Consequences: The Choice is Yours is an enrichment event designed to allow students to see the consequences of drug and alcohol abuse. Students were given scenarios and then visited appropriate officials as if they had actually engaged in the behavior. This event was held in September 2019 at Clinton County High School for Junior and Seniors.

On April 10, 2019 the three workgroups (Prevention, Treatment and Recovery) of the Substance Use Disorder Regional Committee met to prioritize the issues challenging our region in addressing substance use disorder. The 47 attendees were presented an overview of the Kentucky Opioid Response Effort (KORE) by Allen Brenzel, MD, Chief Medical Officer for the Kentucky Department of Behavioral Health and Katie Marks, PhD, Program Director for the Kentucky Department of Behavioral Health. The overview also educated attendees about four basic infrastructure needs applicable to prevention, treatment and recovery.



Our hospital conducts a Community Health Needs Assessment every three years. We are excited to share our progress from the last assessment, as we prioritize our next goals based on recent community input.

Thank you for your continued support of The Medical Center at Albany.

Laura E. Belcher, FACHE Administrator

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Introduction

The Medical Center at Albany

The Medical Center at Albany provides healthcare services to Clinton and surrounding counties in Kentucky and Tennessee. As a 42-bed acute care hospital, we provide the community with first-rate inpatient and outpatient services, including emergency services, 24/7.

As part of Med Center Health, we are patient-focused, quality-driven and mission-led. Our mission is to care for people and improve quality of life in the communities we serve. The Medical Center at Albany combines state-of-the-art technology, unsurpassed personal care, and the finest healthcare professionals to ensure your visit will be the very best it can be.

Services

- Cardiology
- Cardiopulmonary Rehabilitation
- Computed Tomography (CT)
- Diagnostic Imaging
- Digital Mammography
- Emergency Department
- Emergency Medicine
- Infectious Disease

- Laboratory Services
- Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI)
- Nuclear Medicine
- Oncology
- Orthopaedics
- Physical Rehabilitation
- Respiratory Care
- Telehealth

A Portrait of the Community Served by The Medical Center at Albany

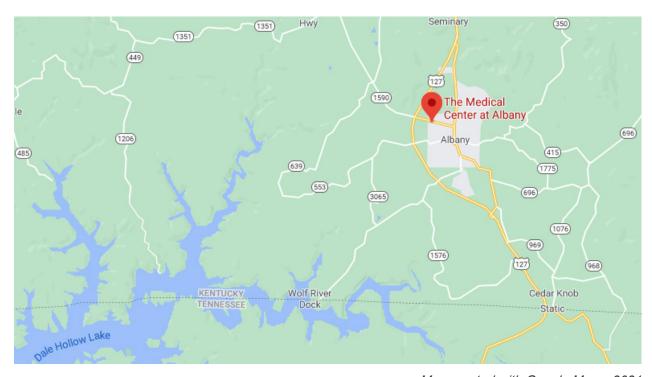
Albany is the county seat of Clinton County, Kentucky in the foothills of south central Kentucky, along the Tennessee line. It is bordered by two large bodies of water, Cumberland Lake and Dale Hollow Lake which support state parks to provide recreational experiences for residents and visitors alike. The Daniel Boone National

Forest is located to the east of the county.

Highway 127 runs through the city providing access from neighboring communities. Interstate 75 is approximately seventy five miles traveling west toward either London or Williamsburg, KY. Clinton County, Kentucky is centrally located between four metro areas; Tennessee's Knoxville and Nashville and Kentucky's Lexington and Louisville.



Dale Hollow Dam and Lake



Map created with Google Maps, 2021

Assessment Process

The assessment process included collecting secondary data related to the health of the community. Social and economic data as well as health outcomes and providers data were collected from secondary sources to help provide context for the community (see below). In addition, CEDIK compiled hospital utilization data to better understand who was using the facility and for what services (next section). Finally, with the assistance of the Community Steering Committee, input from the community was collected through key informant interviews and surveys.

First we present the demographic, social, economic and health outcomes data that were compiled through secondary sources. These data that follow were retrieved from County Health Rankings, 2020. For data sources see appendix.

Demographics

Indicator	Clinton County	Kentucky	National Level
2019 Population Estimate	10,218	4,467,673	328,239,523
Percent of Population under 18 years	22.2%	22.4%	22.3%
Percent of Population 65 year and older	19.7%	16.8%	16.5%
Percent of Population Non-Hispanic White	94.9%	84.1%	60.1%
Percent of Population Non-Hispanic Black	0.6%	8.5%	13.4%
Percent of Population Hispanic	2.9%	3.9%	18.5%
Percent of Population other Race	1.6%	3.5%	8.0%
Percent of the Population not Proficient in English	0.2%	1.0%	4%

Social and Economic Factors

Indicator	Clinton County	Kentucky	National Benchmark*
Median Household Income	\$29,641	\$48,332	\$60,300
Graduation Rate of 9th Grade Cohort in 4 Years	98%	90%	85%
Percentage of Ages 25-44 with Some Post-Secondary College	42%	61%	65%
Percent of Unemployed Job-Seeking Population 16 Years and Older	6.6%	4.9%	4.4%
Percent of Children in Poverty	35%	22%	18%
Percent of Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Lunches	76%	59%	52%
Percent of Single-Parent Households	23%	34%	33%
Violent Crime Rate per 100,000 population	54	222	386

Health Behaviors

Indicator	Clinton County	Kentucky	National Benchmark*
Percent Adult Smokers	25%	24%	17%
Percent Obese Adults with BMI >= 30	37%	34%	26%
Percent Physically Inactive Adults	34%	27%	22%
Percent of Adult Excessive Drinking	13%	16%	18%
Percent of Driving Deaths with Alcohol Involvement	20%	27%	13%
Chlamydia Rate Newly Diagnosed (per 100,000 Population)	88.5	413.2	152.8
Teen Birth Rate Ages 15-19 (per 1,000 Population)	55	36	14

^{*}National Benchmarks indicate the 90th percentile at the national level

[&]quot;n/a" denotes where national benchmarks where not made available by County Health Rankings.

Health Outcomes

Indicator	Clinton County	Kentucky	National Benchmark*
Premature Death (Years of Potential Life Lost Before Age 75 per 100,000 population)	10,657	9,716	6,900
Percent of Population in Fair/Poor Health	23%	21%	16%
Average Poor Physical Health Days in Past 30 Days	5.0	4.8	3.7
Average Poor Mental Health Days in Past 30 Days	4.6	4.8	3.8
Percent of Live Births with Low Birth Weight	8%	9%	8%
Percent of Population who are Diabetic	14%	13%	10%
HIV Prevalence Rate (per 100,000 population)	129	180	362
Child Mortality Rate (per 100,000 population)	n/a	60	50

Physical Environment

Indicator	Clinton County	Kentucky	National Benchmark*
Average Daily Density of Air Pollution - PM 2.5	9.7	10.7	8.6
Presence of Drinking Water Violations	Yes	n/a	n/a
Percentage of Severe Housing Problems with at least one of the following: Overcrowding, High Housing Cost, or Lack of Kitchen or Plumbing Facilities	12%	14%	18%
Percentage of Workforce Driving Alone to Work	83%	82%	76%
Percentage of Workforce Commuting Alone for More than 30 Minutes	18%	30%	35%

Hospital Utilization Data

The Tables below provide an overview of The Medical Center at Albany's patients and in particular where they come from, how they pay, and why they visited.

Table: Hospital Inpatient Discharges, 12/1/2019 - 12/31/2019

County of Origin	Discharges	Total Charges	Average Charges
Clinton	408	\$6,527,856.08	\$15,999.65
Cumberland	26	\$505,076.09	\$19,426.00
Wayne	25	\$339,130.31	\$13,565.21
Pickett, TN	19	\$251,283.52	\$13,225.45
Adair	4	\$87,093.19	\$21,773.30
Jefferson	2	\$15,743.45	\$7,871.73
Pulaski	2	\$45,486.98	\$22,743.49
Warren	2	\$18,091.05	\$9,045.53
All Other States	1	\$9,216.35	\$9,216.35
Barren	1	\$4,596.85	\$4,596.85
Edmonson	1	\$8,462.75	\$8,462.75
Fentress, TN	1	\$12,270.05	\$12,270.05
Grayson	1	\$5,266.85	\$5,266.85
McCreary	1	\$54,757.97	\$54,757.97
Other IN Counties	1	\$12,568.75	\$12,568.75
Other TN Counties	1	\$12,394.65	\$12,394.65
Russell	1	\$17,524.30	\$17,524.30

Table: Hospital Outpatient Discharges, 12/1/2019 - 12/31/2019

		Total	Averen
County of Origin	Discharges	Total Charges	Average Charges
Clinton	14,580	\$24,767,710.14	\$1,698.75
Cumberland	1,307	\$2,327,019.20	\$1,780.43
Wayne	769	\$1,947,246.99	\$2,532.18
Pickett, TN	512	\$1,438,126.97	\$2,808.84
Russell	70	\$171,041.50	\$2,443.45
Pulaski	48	\$116,057.30	\$2,417.86
Other TN Counties	44	\$74,290.40	\$1,688.42
Metcalfe	42	\$129,078.45	\$3,073.30
Fentress, TN	38	\$85,238.25	\$2,243.11
Adair	37	\$52,150.85	\$1,409.48
All Other States	36	\$100,321.95	\$2,786.72
Other OH Counties	25	\$56,716.00	\$2,268.64
Other IN Counties	24	\$33,787.10	\$1,407.80
McCreary	18	\$50,575.65	\$2,809.76
Monroe	17	\$36,527.90	\$2,148.70
Jefferson	15	\$25,990.00	\$1,732.67
Barren	12	\$36,297.40	\$3,024.78
Boone	8	\$19,358.90	\$2,419.86
Hart	8	\$44,791.20	\$5,598.90
Scott	7	\$8,313.90	\$1,187.70
Warren	7	\$16,337.05	\$2,333.86
Clay	4	\$6,374.60	\$1,593.65
Taylor	4	\$1,668.00	\$417.00
Whitley	4	\$6,913.15	\$1,728.29
Fayette	3	\$5,174.10	\$1,724.70
Franklin	3	\$11,103.55	\$3,701.18
Livingston	3	\$4,829.15	\$1,609.72

Table: Hospital Inpatient Payer Mix, 12/1/2019 - 12/31/2019

Payer	Discharges	Total Charges	Average Charge
Medicare	295	\$4,637,712.47	\$15,721.06
Medicaid MCO	96	\$1,452,353.80	\$15,128.69
Medicare Replacement	37	\$671,985.76	\$18,161.78
Anthem	24	\$531,225.64	\$22,134.40
Commercial	23	\$332,013.57	\$14,435.37
Medicaid	7	\$107,714.09	\$15,387.73
Self-Pay & Charity	6	\$62,763.05	\$10,460.51
Humana	4	\$66,307.36	\$16,576.84
Champus	3	\$36,813.00	\$12,271.00
Cigna	2	\$27,930.45	\$13,965.23

Table: Hospital Outpatient Payer Mix, 12/1/2019 - 12/31/2019

Payer	Discharges	Total Charges	Average Charge
Medicare	5,991	\$10,431,363.18	\$1,741.17
Medicaid MCO	5,157	\$9,534,720.43	\$1,848.89
Anthem	1,976	\$4,083,507.94	\$2,066.55
Medicare Replacement	1,845	\$4,111,808.07	\$2,228.62
Self-Pay & Charity	1,270	\$918,431.26	\$723.17
Commercial	452	\$832,802.88	\$1,842.48
CHC	246	\$319,820.65	\$1,300.08
Medicaid	218	\$369,945.23	\$1,697.00
Champus	195	\$403,921.43	\$2,071.39
Humana	136	\$306,119.71	\$2,250.88
Workers Comp	126	\$249,612.22	\$1,981.05
Cigna	46	\$82,752.70	\$1,798.97
Aetna	41	\$62,163.75	\$1,516.19

Table: Hospital Inpatient Diagnosis Related Group, 12/1/2019 - 12/31/2019

DRG Description	Discharges	Total Charges	Average Charges
General Medicine	179	\$3,032,703.94	\$16,942.48
Respiratory Services	161	\$2,615,945.18	\$16,248.11
URO/Renal Medicine	56	\$872,830.05	\$15,586.25
Cardiac Medicine	36	\$521,096.05	\$14,474.89
Cancer Medicine	18	\$229,577.65	\$12,754.31
Neuro Medicine	16	\$236,773.23	\$14,798.33
Orthopedic Medicine	8	\$138,638.20	\$17,329.78
Substance Abuse Services	7	\$49,184.55	\$7,026.36
Other Surgery	5	\$101,673.14	\$20,334.63
Dental Services	1	\$10,424.05	\$10,424.05
General surgery	1	\$8,749.75	\$8,749.75
Gynecology	1	\$10,897.05	\$10,897.05

The Community Steering Committee

The Community Steering Committee plays a vital role to the CHNA process. CEDIK provides a list of community leaders, agencies and organizations to the hospital to assist them in the recruitment of members that would facilitate broad community input.

These committee members represent organizations and agencies that serve the Clinton county population in a variety of areas that relate to a populations health. By volunteering their time, the committee members enabled the hospital to acquire input from residents that are often not engaged in conversations about their health needs. The steering committee provides both an expert view of the needs they see while working with the people and clients they serve and in extensive distribution of the community survey. Conducting this assessment during the COVID-19 pandemic added new challenges in accessing community input, however the community steering committee was committed to the process both with promoting the survey through social media and through organization listserves.

Upon recruitment to the steering committee, CEDIK representatives schedule and complete virtual conversations to introduce the assessment process, the role and duties of a committee member and conduct a key informant interview. A final steering committee was held via Zoom for the reporting of survey and key informant interview results and to complete a prioritization process of the identified health needs with the goal to make recommendations for the hospital to address over the next three years.

The Medical Center at Albany Community Steering Committee

Name	Organization
Christy Nuetzman Stearns	Clinton County Cooperative Extension
Ricky Craig	Clinton County Judge Executive
Lucas Abner	Clinton County EMS Director
April Speck	Clinton County Economic Development Director
Michael Paul Beaty	Air Evacuation team
Paulette Brinley	Clinton County Schools Food Service Director
Sam Brown	Cumberland Family Medical, Inc. Chief Clinical Officer
Sherry Poore	Clinton County Chamber of Commerce Director

Community Feedback

In January 2021, eleven members of the Clinton County Health Coalition participated in a focus group for this community health needs assessment. The coalition membership includes representation from the health department, behavioral health, public schools, family resource centers, cooperative extension and community based services. The coalition members bring knowledge and expertise related to health needs of the populations they serve.

In addition, a total of eight key informant interviews with steering committee members were completed in the fall of 2020 and early January 2021. Below is a summary of the responses. They highlight the results of the conversations that identify strengths of the community and the healthcare system, challenges/barriers in the broader healthcare system and opportunities for improving the health of the community.

Vision for a healthy Clinton County

- Walkable community with safe trails and parks
- Access to mental health and substance use disorder treatment
- Employment opportunities, jobs with benefits
- Good schools
- Maintain available health care: hospital, clinics, physicians
- Access to fresh and healthy foods
- Physical activity promotion 5K walks/runs, bike rides, and hiking clubs

Most significant health problems/issues

- Mental health issues
- Heart disease
- Substance use/drug use
- Cancer all types
- Obesity child and adult
- Diabetes
- Lack of access to healthy food
- Lack of health education and understanding screening tests health literacy
- COVID implications increased mental health issues (all ages), increased social isolation, increased child abuse, increased screen time and lack of physical activity for children and youth

Strengths of healthcare in Clinton County

- Federally Qualified Health Clinic in the county
- Good hospital services mammography screening, specialists come to the county, emergency department, outpatient care and services
- Hospital is an active member of the county health coalition
- Hospital great to transfer patients when necessary
- Hospital has good working relationship with Medical Center Bowling Green, UK Medical Center and Children's Hospital
- COVID-19 community partners working together (health, government and industry), hospital doing an excellent job with COVID testing. Communication across all community partners is improved across all health partners with daily updates.
- Clinton County Health Department provides diabetes and nutrition education and providing important information during this time of COVID.
- Hospital is doing everything it can to provide care for the size hospital it is.

Challenges with current healthcare in Clinton County

- Need additional specialty care: cardiology, pediatrics, ENT, hospitalist, oncology care to reduce travel time for patients and seniors
- Urgent Care clinic needed for after hours and weekends avoid ER fees
- Additional marketing or PR about available hospital services
- EMS need additional trucks/equipment, staff
- Customer service training for hospital staff specific to needs of patient populations (low literacy and non-readers)
- Transportation long drives to specialists
- COVID-19 has reduced health department services and education as all staff working on contact tracing, and now vaccine and vaccine education

Barriers to healthcare

- Transportation to medical appointments
- Money co-pays are high and prevents some for seeking care, individual health insurance is expensive
- Substance use disorders fear of losing children if seek treatment
- Cost of prescriptions
- Lack of knowledge about available services
- COVID some not seeking regular health care or screenings
- Veterans social isolation and need connections for health care and other medical needs
- Lack of specialists in the county causes long drives for appointments
- Lack of dental care in county especially for children
- Shortage of nurses and physicians

What can be done in the county to better meet health needs?

- Increased mental health services
- Increase substance use disorder treatment in the county
- Promote available healthcare resources at hospital, health departments and clinics
- Health education related to age appropriate screenings and where to schedule those screenings – mammograms, colonoscopy, FIT tests and more
- Urgent care clinic for after hours and weekend non-emergency events or illnesses
- Promote smoking cessation classes
- Vaping and tobacco free education for youth
- Health screenings mobile and around the county for seniors and others without transportation
- Safe walking areas in county
- More emphasis on prevention and wellness in health education starting in school
- Access to healthy foods and education on how to prepare healthy meals

The Medical Center at Albany

Fall 2020 Survey Results

226 Surveys*



Respondents have a family doctor, and 67% visit their physician regularly.



Households are currently without health insurance.

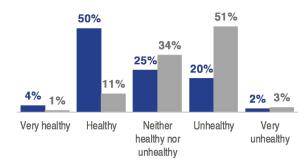


Respondents
who go to a
physician's office for
routine healthcare.

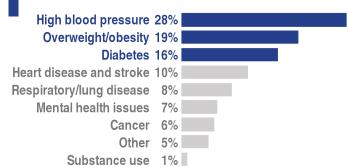


Households have delayed care due to lack of money or insurance.

Respondent's rating of their health and the health of the people in this community:



Top health challenges that households face:





Households are satisfied or very satisfied with their experience at The Medical Center at Albany.



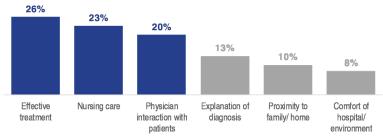
Households are satisfied with the healthcare system in their County.

Households currently eligible for the following:

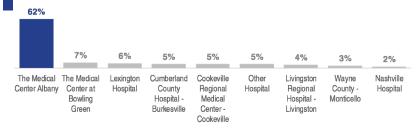
Commercial	28%
Medicare	26%
Medicaid	23%
SNAP (Food stamp program)	9%
No coverage	7%
VA	5%
Public Housing Assistance	1%

^{*} Not all survey respondents answered every question. Respondents = total number of responses for each question; Households = questions where respondents were asked if "anyone in their household" were impacted.

Top hospital qualities important to respondents:

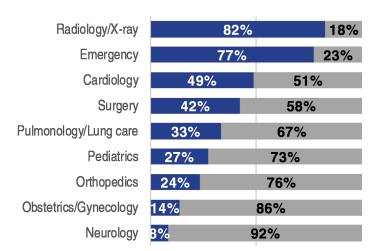


Hospitals* visited in the last 24 months by households:

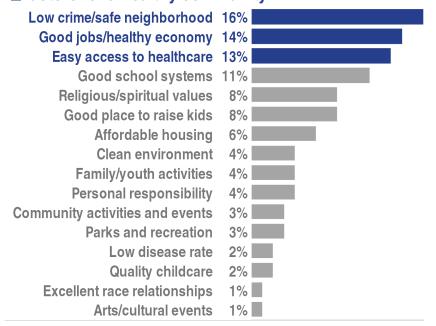


*Why another hospital? Service I needed was not available (44%), physician referred me (26%), insurance requires me to go elsewhere (3%).

Households who have used specialty services at The Medical Center at Albany or at another hospital in the past 24 months:



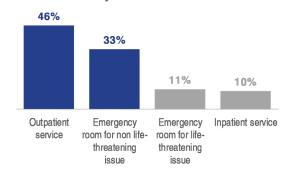
Respondent rating of top three most important factors for a healthy community:



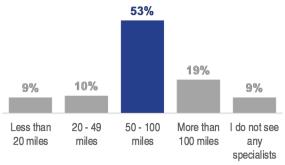


Households have used hospital services in the last 24 months.

Hospital services used in the last 24 months by households:



How far households travel to see a specialist:

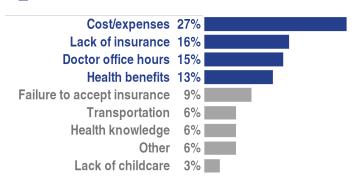


All but two respondents use their own vehicle for transportation. Others rely on friend/family.



Households willing to use telehealth to reduce travel time; 89% of households willing due to COVID-19.

Respondent rating of what the barriers are to healthcare:



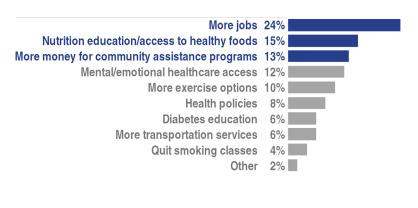
Respondent rating of top three groups that need the most help with access to healthcare:

Elderly	27%
Low-income families	22%
Uninsured	15%
Physically/mentally disabled	13%
Children/infants	12%
Young adults	6%
Minority groups (Hispanic)	3%
Immigrants/refugees	1%
Other	1%

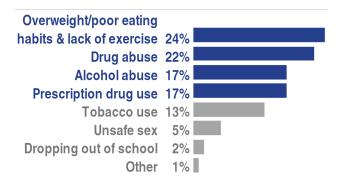
Percent of respondents that rated the following **statements apply:**

I am active at least 1 hour/day (active defined as daily movement activities like cleaning/yard work)	37%
I eat fast-food more than 2 times/week	31%
I have access to a wellness program through my employer	12%
I eat at least 5 servings of fruits and veggies/day	11%
I smoke cigarettes	5%
I chew tobacco	2%
I consume 2+ alcoholic drinks (women) or 3+ (men)/day	1%
I do not understand when healthcare providers speak to me using medical terms	1%

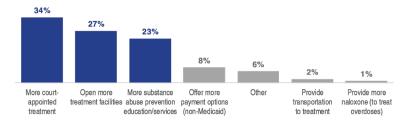
Respondent rating of top three most important things Clinton County can do to have a positive effect on health:



Respondent rating of top three most risky behaviors:



Respondent rating of the most important thing Clinton County can do to have a positive effect on opioid crisis/ substance use:



Prioritization of Identified Health Needs

The Medical Center at Albany in Clinton County, CHNA steering committee meeting was held via Zoom, a virtual platform for meetings, January 25, 2021, to review findings from the community surveys, key informant interviews, focus groups and county specific secondary health data.

The process of priority selection followed the Association for Community Health Improvement (ACHI) recommendations to consider:

- 1. The ability of The Medical Center at Albany to evaluate and measure outcomes.
- 2. The number of people affected by the issue or size of the issue.
- 3. The consequences of not addressing this problem.
- 4. Prevalence of common themes.
- 5. The existence of hospital programs which respond to the identified need.

CEDIK staff led a facilitated discussion with members of the steering committee after the data presentation and completed the process of prioritizing the identified health needs. The following represent the recommendations of the steering committee to The Medical Center at Albany for addressing health needs in Clinton County and the hospital service area for the next three years.

Prioritized Needs

- 1. Increase access to health care through the recruitment and retention of primary health care providers and additional specialty care providers.
- 2. Increase efforts to reduce stigma and connect residents to mental health services.
- 3. Reducing substance use in Clinton County.
- 4. Improve health literacy through education on prevention, risks, and treatments for chronic diseases.

Implementation Strategy

Goal: Increase Access to Health Care

Strategies:

- Increase the number of Specialty Care Providers (physicians and nurse practitioners) available through travel clinics delivering care to the residents of our primary service area.
- 2. Explore the opportunity of a rural health clinic in the primary service area. The establishment of the clinic will not only expand primary care providers but will also allow for participation in NHSC Loan Repayment Programs. These programs allow for physicians, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, licensed clinical social workers, counselors and other health care professionals to apply for assistance with their educational loans through commitment to work in designated rural areas.
- 3. Utilize telehealth services to increase residents access to primary care and specialty care on an inpatient and outpatient basis.

Partners and Resources currently working on the identified need in Clinton County: Med Center Health Physician Network, Western Kentucky Heart and Lung, National Health Service Corps, Kentucky Office for Rural Health, Kentucky Telehealth Network.

Goal: Reduce Substance Use

Strategies:

- 1. Through collaboration with addiction treatment providers to explore the options to establish inpatient residential, intense outpatient and sober living options locally.
- 2. Continue to provide medical stabilization services and develop marketing plan to make behavioral health professions, employers, providers, judicial systems and other aware of the services already available.
- 3. Ensure all services that are implemented have a marketing and communication plan developed and implemented to help educate the public and health care professionals on the best way to seek care for addictions.
- 4. Promote abstinence among youth through prevention efforts.

Partners and Resources currently working on the identified need in Clinton County: Med Center Health, Journey Pure, Clinton County Kentucky Agency for Substance Abuse Policy (ASAP), ADANTA, UK Clinton County Cooperative Extension, Clinton County Healthy Hometown Coalition.

Goal: Improve Health Literacy through Education on Prevention, Risks, and Treatments for Chronic Diseases

Strategies:

- 1. Enhance public knowledge of obesity and other risk factors and how it affects overall health and risk of chronic disease.
- 2. Focus on life style changes to reduce risk factors of chronic disease.
- 3. Educate public on screenings available to preventively identify early stage disease.
- Educate public on resources available to reduce obesity as well as resources and treatment for chronic disease including diabetes, heart disease and lung disease.
- 5. Maximize chronic care management by collaborating with primary care and other health care providers.

Partners and Resources currently working on the identified need in Clinton County: Med Center Health, UK Clinton County Cooperative Extension, Clinton County Healthy Hometown Coalition, American Cancer Society, Kentucky Heart Disease and Stroke Prevention, WBKO, Lake Cumberland District Health Department.

Explanation of priorities that will not be addressed at this time:

Mental Health Services are outside of the resources that Med Center Albany is able to provide with the resources available. Through medical screening and assessments, various severity of behavioral health illnesses may be identified and placement and/ or referral depending on each patients needs will be completed. The Medical Center at Albany will continue to maintain existing and establish new relationships of entities providing behavioral health treatment that can be beneficial for the placement and referral for The Medical Center at Albany patients and families.

Next Steps

This Implementation Strategy will be rolled out over the next three years, from Fiscal Year 2021 through the end of Fiscal Year 2023.

The Medical Center at Albany will kick off the implementation strategy by initiating collaborative efforts with community leaders to address each health priority identified through the assessment process.

Periodic evaluation of goals/objectives for each identified priority will be conducted to assure that we are on track to complete our plan as described.

At the end of Fiscal Year 2023, The Medical Center at Albany will review the implementation strategy and report on the success experienced through the collaborative efforts of improving the health of the community.

Appendix

Sources for all secondary data used in this report:

Demographics*

Indicator	Original Source	Year
Total Population	Census Population Estimates	2019
Percent of Population under 18 years	Census Population Estimates	2019
Percent of Population 65 year and older	Census Population Estimates	2019
Percent of Population Non-Hispanic White	Census Population Estimates	2019
Percent of Population African American	Census Population Estimates	2019
Percent of Population Hispanic	Census Population Estimates	2019
Percent of Population other Race	Percent of Population other Race Census Population Estimates	
Percent of Population Not Proficient in English	American Community Survey 5-year Estimates	2013- 2017
All "National Level" Demographics	U.S. Census QuickFacts	2019

Social and Economic Factors

Indicator	Original Source	Year
	Small Area Income and	
Median Household Income, Non Hispanic/Latino	Poverty Estimates	2013
	State sources and the National	
Graduation Rate of 9th Grade Cohort in 4 Years	Center for Education Statistics	Varies
	American Community Survey	
Percent of Population with Some College Education	5-year Estimates	2013-2017
Percent of Unemployed Job-Seeking Population 16		
Years and Older	Bureau of Labor Statistics	2017
	Small Area Income and	
Percent of Children in Poverty	Poverty Estimates	2017

Social and Economic Factors, continued

Indicator	Original Source	Year
Percent of Children Eligible for Free or Reduced Lunch	National Center for Education Statistics	2012
Percent of Single Parent Households	American Community Survey 5-yr est.	2009- 2013
Violent Crime Rate (per 100,000 population)	Uniform Crime Reporting, Federal Bureau of Investigation	2005- 2010
Injury Death Rate (per 100,000 population)	CDC WONDER mortality data	2013- 2017
Firearm Fatalities Rate (per 100,000 population)	CDC WONDER mortality data	2013- 2017

Health Behaviors

Indicator	Original Source	Year
Percent of Adults who Smoke Regularly	Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System	2016
Percent of Adults who are Obese (BMI>30)	CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas	2015
Percent of Adults who are Physically Inactive During Leisure Time	CDC Diabetes Interactive Atlas	2015
Percent of Driving Deaths with Alcohol Involvement	Fatality Analysis Reporting System	2013- 2017
Motor Vehicle Crash Deaths (per 100,000 population)	CDC WONDER mortality data	2011- 2017
STDs: Chlamydia Rate (per 100,000 population)	National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention	2016
Teen Birth Rate (per 1,000 females ages 15-19)	National Center for Health Statistics – Natality files	2011- 2017

Health Outcomes

Indicator	Original Source	Year
Premature Death (Years of Potential Life Lost Before Age 75 per 100,000 population)	National Center for Health Statistics	2015- 2017
Percent of Adults Reporting Poor or Fair Health	Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System	2016
Average Poor Physical Health Days in Past 30 Days	Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System	2016
Average Poor Mental Health Days in Past 30 Days	Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System	2016
Percent of Babies Born with Low Birthweight (<2500 grams)	National Center for Health Statistics	2011- 2017
Percent of Adults with Diabetes	National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Division of Diabetes Translation	2015
HIV Prevalence Rate (per 100,000 population)	National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention	2015
Child Mortality (per 100,000 population)	CDC WONDER mortality data	2014- 2017

Physical Environment

Indicator	Original Source	Year
Average Daily Density of Air Pollution - PM 2.5	State-specific sources & EDFacts	2014
Presence of Drinking Water Violations	Safe Drinking Water Information System	2017
Percentage of Severe Housing Problems with at least one of the following: Overcrowding, High	O	0044
Housing Cost, or Lack of Kitchen or Plumbing Facilities	Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS) data	2011- 2015
		2013-
Percentage of Workforce Driving Alone to Work	American Community Survey	2017
Percentage of Workforce Commuting Alone		2013-
for More than 30 Minutes	American Community Survey	2017



Clinton County CHNA Survey 2020

The Medical Center of Albany in collaboration with The Community and Economic Development Initiative of Kentucky (CEDIK), with the University of Kentucky, is conducting the Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) for Clinton County. We want to better understand your health needs and how the hospital and its partners can better meet those needs. Please take 10-15 minutes to fill out this survey. Please do not include your name anywhere. All responses will remain anonymous.

Q1. Please tell us your zip code:	Q5. If yes, what services did you use?
	Emergency Room for life-threatening issue
Q2 . Do you have a family doctor?	 Emergency Room for non-life-threatening issue
○ Yes	Outpatient Service
○ No	○ Inpatient
Q3. If yes, do you regularly (annually) visit your	Q6. If yes, which hospital?
physician for a check-up?	The Medical Center Albany
○ Yes	○ Wayne County – Monticello
○ No	O Cumberland County Hospital - Burkesville
Q4 . Have you or someone in your household used the services of a hospital in the past	Cookeville Regional Medical Center – Cookeville
months?	O Livingston Regional Hospital – Livingston
○ Yes	The Medical Center at Bowling Green
○ No	O Lexington Hospital
	Nashville Hospital
	Other. Please specify:

go to a hospital other than the Medical Center of Albany?
O Service I needed was not available
O My physician referred me
O My insurance requires me to go somewhere else
Other. Please specify:
Q8. If you received care at the Medical Center of Albany, how satisfied were you with your overall experience?
O Very Satisfied
○ Satisfied
O Neither Satisfied nor Dissatisfied
O Dissatisfied
O Very Dissatisfied
Q9. While receiving care in a hospital, what is most important to you? Choose only three Nursing Care
○ Comfort of the Hospital/Environment
O Proximity to Family/Home
O Physician Interaction with Patients
O Explanation of Diagnosis
Effective Treatment
Other. Please specify:

Q7. Why did you or someone in your household

Q10. Have you or someone in your household used any of the services below in the past months?

	Medical Center of Albany	Other Facility
Emergency	0	0
Cardiology	0	0
Obstetrics/Gynecology	0	0
Radiology X-Ray	0	0
Neurology	0	0
Psychiatry Mental Illness	0	0
Oncology Cancer Care	0	0
Urology	0	0
Orthopedics	0	0
Pulmonology Lung Care	0	0
Pediatrics	0	0
Dialysis	0	0
Surgery	0	0
Substance use/addiction	0	0

Q11 . Select the top THREE health challenges you or anyone in your household face:	Q14 . Have you or someone in your household delayed healthcare due to lack of money and/or		
○ Cancer	insurance?		
O Diabetes	○ Yes		
Mental health issues	○ No		
O Heart disease and stroke	Q15. Are you or members of your household currently eligible for any of the following insurance		
O High blood pressure	types?		
O HIV/AIDS/STDs	O Medicare		
Overweight/obesity	O Medicaid		
Respiratory/lung disease	O Public Housing Assistance		
O Substance use/addiction (alcohol, illegal	SNAP (food stamp program)		
drugs, painkillers, etc.)	○ VA		
Other. Please specify:	O Commercial (Humana, Anthem Blue Cross)		
Q12. Do you or someone in your household	O No coverage		
receive treatment for any of the following conditions?	Q16 . Please select the TOP THREE most <u>risky</u>		
O Diabetes	behaviors. Choose only three:		
O High blood pressure	Alcohol abuse		
0.00	1 _		
○ Cancer	O Tobacco use		
Cancer Mental Illness	Tobacco useUnsafe sex		
Mental Illness	○ Unsafe sex		
Mental IllnessSubstance use/addictionWeight management	Unsafe sexPrescription drug useOverweight/poor eating habits and lack of		
Mental IllnessSubstance use/addiction	 Unsafe sex Prescription drug use Overweight/poor eating habits and lack of exercise 		
 Mental Illness Substance use/addiction Weight management Q13. Are you or anyone in your household	 Unsafe sex Prescription drug use Overweight/poor eating habits and lack of exercise Dropping out of school 		

Q17 . Please choose all statements that apply to you:	Q20. What do you use for transportation? O My own vehicle		
 I am active at least 1 hour a day (active is defined as daily movement activities such as cleaning or yard work) 	Friend/family		
	O R-Tech		
 I eat at least 5 servings of fruits and vegetables a day 	○ Taxi/cab		
O I eat fast food more than 2 times per week	Other. Please specify:		
O I smoke cigarettes			
O I chew tobacco	Q21. Are you satisfied with the healthcare system in your county?		
O I use illegal drugs	○ Yes		
O I abuse or overuse prescription drugs	○ No		
I consume 2 or more alcoholic drinks (if female) or 3 or more (if male) a day	Q22 . Where do you go for routine healthcare?		
 I do not understand when health care providers speak to me using medical terms 	O Physician's office		
I have access to a wellness program through	Emergency room		
my employer	O Health department		
Q18. How would you rate your own personal	O Urgent care center		
health?	O I do not receive routine healthcare		
O Very unhealthy			
O Unhealthy	Q23. How far do you travel to see a specialist?		
O Neither healthy nor unhealthy	C Less than 20 miles		
○ Healthy	O 20-49 miles		
O Very healthy	○ 50-100 miles		
040 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	O More than 100 miles		
Q19. How would you rate the overall health of your community?	O I do not see any specialists		
O Very unhealthy			
O Unhealthy	Q24 . Would you be willing to utilize telehealth services?		
O Neither healthy nor unhealthy	To reduce travel time		
O Healthy	To limit COVID exposure		

O Very healthy

Q25 . In your opinion what are the <u>barriers to</u> <u>healthcare</u> ? Choose all that apply:	Q28 . What do you think are the TOP THREE most important factors for a "Healthy Community?"		
O Doctor office hours	Those factors which most improve the quality of life in a community. Check only three:		
O Lack of insurance	Good place to raise children		
○ Transportation	Low crime/safe neighborhood		
O Health benefits			
O Lack of childcare	Easy access to hospital/physicians/nurses (healthcare)		
O Failure to accept insurance	○ Family/youth activities		
O Health knowledge	○ Good schools system		
○ Cost expenses	Affordable housing		
Other. Please specify:	O Low disease rate		
Q26. Please rank your TOP THREE barriers to	Excellent race relationships		
healthcare from your choices above:	Personal responsibility		
Choice 1:	○ Good jobs/healthy economy		
Choice 2:	Religious/ spiritual values		
Choice 3:			
	Clean environment		
Q27 . What group needs the most help with access to health care? Choose only one:	Arts/cultural events		
O Low income families	Parks and recreation		
O Physically/mentally disabled	O Quality childcare		
○ Young adults	Other. Please specify:		
○ Immigrants/refugees			
O Minority groups (Hispanic/African Americans)			
○ Elderly			
O Children/infants			
O Uninsured			
Other. Please specify:			

Q29. Please select the TOP THREE most	Q31. What is your age?	
important things Clinton County can do to have a positive effect on health. Choose only three:	O 18 - 24	
O Health policies	O 25 - 39	
More exercise options	O 40 - 54	
Nutrition education/access to healthy foods	O 55 - 64	
Mental/emotional healthcare access	O 65 - 69	
O Diabetes education	O 70 or older	
O Quit smoking classes		
More transportation services	Q32. What is your gender? O Male	
O More jobs	○ Female	
 More money for community assistance programs 	Other. Please specify:	
Other. Please specify:		
	Q33 . What is the highest level of education you have completed?	
Q30 . Please select the <u>most important thing</u> Clinton County can do to have a <u>positive effect</u>	○ High school	
on the opioid crisis/substance use. Choose only	College or above	
one:	Technical school	
Open more treatment facilities	Other. Please specify:	
Provide transportation to treatment	Other: Fiedde speeling:	
O Provide more court-appointed treatment	Q34. What is your current employment status?	
 Provide more substance abuse prevention education/services 	Employed full-time	
O Provide more naloxone (to treat overdoses)	○ Employed part-time	
Offer more payment options (non-Medicaid,	○ Student	
scholarship opportunities)	O Unemployed	
Other. Please specify:	○ Retired	
	Other. Please specify:	

Approval

This Community Health Needs Assessment wa at Albany Board of Trustees on < <date>>.</date>	as approved by the The Medical Ce	enter
 SIGNATURE	 DATE	